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Tywysog, Henllan, Dinbych



researched and written by
Gill. Jones and Ann Morgan
2016

Written in the language chosen by the
volunteers and researchers & including
information so far discovered.

PLEASE NOTE ALL THE HOUSES IN THIS PROJECT ARE PRIVATE AND
THERE IS NO ADMISSION TO ANY OF THE PROPERTIES



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Tywysog - parish of Henllan, commote of Isaled
NPRN: 35502

OS Grid Reference: SJ 0033 6672

The Name

The spelling of the name has changed over time. The following versions have all been found in documents, with the earliest version first.

Tuysok, Twissogg, Twysog, Tywysog

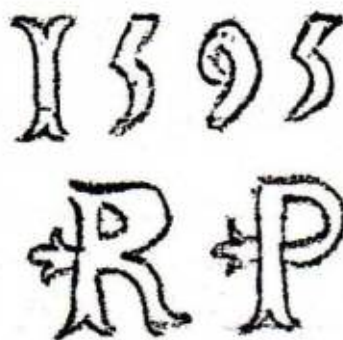


Aerial View taken in the 1970s

Building Description

(An Inventory of the Ancient Monuments in Wales and Monmouthshire Vol 4 RCAHMW p.21)

'Tywysog, formerly the residence of a family named Parry, has been extensively modernised, and the whole of the exterior stuccoed; the date 1595 is inscribed over the front door.'



The initials R P refer to Richard Parry. (Appendix 1 – the Parry family pedigree)

There is a plaster 'lion' on the sitting room ceiling. This was the coat of arms of the Parry family.



A second plaster 'lion' is situated above a fireplace in the original part of the house.



'An additional block (rather larger than the original house) was added about 1821. This comprises a very square house with a small, somewhat damaged service court with stabling. The service wing has one entrance from the courtyard (at the level of the main house) and a second, first floor from the farmyard behind. The house is mainly disused except for storage of machinery and grain; it is fairly plain, but detailing and fittings are of quite good quality.'

(11.11.1974 – RCAHMW additional notes)



The original hall section to the right



Additional block to the right

Into a wall at the back of the house are three much weathered sculptured stones, parts of a an early tomb chest. (see p.6) It appears to have two end panels each with an eroded heraldic garter, and two middle panels. One represents a lady attended by her three daughters kneeling at a prayer desk, and facing her is a gentleman with his three sons also kneeling.
(RCAHMW op.cit. p.21)



The sculptured stones

The people depicted on the stones are possibly Robert ap Ieuan, his wife Elin Rosindale and their six surviving children. (see p.6)

Early History

In **1282**, Edward I granted the Lordship of Denbigh to Henry de Lacy, 3rd Earl of Lincoln, as a reward for his loyalty in fighting the Welsh. Almost immediately, he demolished most of the castle at Denbigh and had it rebuilt. The castle had originally belonged to Llewelyn the Great. In the second part of the 13th century it had been occupied by his grandson, Llewelyn ap Gruffydd (*The last sovereign of independent Wales*), until he was killed fighting the English in 1282. Then it was briefly the residence of his brother, Dafydd ap Gruffydd, until his capture and eventual execution as a traitor in 1283. (*He was the first prominent person in recorded history to have been hung, drawn and quartered*) Denbigh was the last seat of the last remnant of Welsh sovereignty.

In **1284**, de Lacy granted leases to portions of his demesnes to a number of English families - Chambreses, Peakes, Pigots, Lathoms, Heatons, and many others. He also obtained for the town of Denbigh its first 'Charter of Incorporation' which conferred freedom from all 'toll, stallage, payage, pannage, murage, postage and passage' to all his men inhabiting the town. These privileges only applied to Englishmen. Welshmen, who were known as, 'foreigners', were still expected to pay the taxes.

(Ancient & Modern Denbigh – John Williams 1856 p.119)

'The earliest reference to the church in Henllan and by association the settlement that was to develop here, is the Pope Nicholas' Taxation of 1291 where **Helan** (*in Welsh – old church*) appears, a little too late to determine whether the creation of the new castle and settlement at Denbigh, the former presumably with its own associated chapel, could have had some influence on the name applied to what was certainly the earlier settlement.' It was valued at £16 10s.

(Clwyd Powys Archaeological Trust Historic Settlement Survey – Denbighshire 2014)

Henry de Lacy died on the 5th February **1311**. His eldest son, Edmund, is said to have fallen into the great well at Denbigh Castle and drowned. A second son, John, is also believed to have died in a tragic accident. Henry's sole surviving child at his death was his daughter Alice. As Henry was a direct tenant of the Crown, an Inquisition Post Mortem was held in order to determine the extent of his lands etc and who should inherit them. This survey is the earliest known valuation of the Lordship of Denbigh.

This survey records townships rather than villages or houses. Henllan was considered to be a municipal suburb of Denbigh at the time. Two townships seem to refer to an area relating to Henllan:-

Galltfaenan (Henllan) “Bremship” - The same (*Earl of Lincoln*) had there, from the rent of free English tenants, twenty shillings and four pence. And there is a mill there, which is worth ten shillings per annum. Total: Ten shillings and four pence. Total: 30 shillings and four pence.

Gwaenynuog, Gwaenynog, Wyntus - And the same (Earl) had, from the rents of free English tenants there, thirty-three shillings and four pence. Total, thirty-three shillings, and four pence.

(John Williams The Records of Denbigh and its Lordship p.104)

Following the Inquisition post mortem, the Lordship was granted to Thomas, 2nd Earl of Lancaster, who was the husband of Henry's daughter, Alice. He was executed for treason in 1322 and the Lordship was then held successively by several of England's most prominent aristocratic families.

In **1334**, another survey was undertaken by Hugh de Becele. “He was an Englishman, and no doubt the same personage as Hugh de Bockele, who is mentioned as a landowner in the township of “Arquedelok” (Archwedlog), in the parish of Llansannan. There is still a farm in the vicinity called Plas y Bwcle, or Buckley Hall. He must have been a person of consequence—of such classical

education as the age afforded and probably reputed for professional skill.”
(The Records of Denbigh and its Lordship - op. cit. 1856 p.1)

Several townships in the area of Henllan have entries. **Tywysog** is one of them.
(The Records of Denbigh and its Lordship -ibid p.211)

'The township of **Tuysok** was, under the princes, held by bond tenants, who paid 7s 6d tung, services 4s 10¼d (*a general contribution originally made to the king for public purposes*); present rent 48s 10¾d for one messuage and 104 acres 3½ roods 16 perches, the rest was allowed to the priodorian of Denbigh & Lleweni in exchange. Herbage 12s yearly.'
(The Records of Denbigh and its Lordship - ibid p.210)

The English tenants who held leases for lands and properties in the area, in turn eventually granted sub leases to some of the local Welshmen.

Some 'foriners' (Welshmen) were eventually granted the freedom of the borough of Denbigh, but only on payment of a fee of £5 - a very large sum at the time. In some cases family connections were considered sufficient grounds for admission, and a few 'persons of distinction' also gained gratuitous admittance. Once the Welsh had become established as burgesses (*or freemen*), they were able to be appointed as officers of the borough - aldermen, bailiffs, sheriffs, recorders (*town clerks*) etc.

(Ancient and Modern Denbigh – op. cit. pp.107-117)

The Parry Family of Tywysog

The Parry family were descended from Marchweithian (b.abt.1000), the founder of the XIth Noble Tribe of North Wales. He was Lord of the commote of Is Aled. His lands were - Corwed Fynydd, Dincadfael, Prees, Berain, Llyweni, Gwytherin and many other townships within the said commote of Is Aled in Denbighshire. He lived at Llyweni, which was originally called 'Llysmarchweithian' (Marchweithian's Court). There had been some sort of residence on this site from about the 8th century. It fell into the hands of the Salusbury family after the Norman conquest when it was awarded to Adam de Salusbury for his services to William the Conqueror.

(Appendix 1 & 2 - Parry family pedigree)

The Building of Tywysog

Robert ap Ieuan of Berain was the brother of Katheryn of Berain's great grandfather. He married Elin Rosindale of Foxhall in Henllan. They had seven children, four boys and three girls. Robert and his family are all described in Griffith's pedigrees and in Powys Fadog as of 'Tywysog'. Their names were **Harry**, John Wynn, Sir William, Sandde, Isabel, Elin and Ann. It is assumed that Sandde died as an infant as no other references relating to him have been found. This left three boys and three girls.

(Griffith Pedigrees of Anglesey and Caernarvonshire families p.298)

(The history of the princes, the lords marcher, and the ancient nobility of Powys Fadog, and the ancient lords of Arwystli, Cedewen and Merionydd p.431)

Could this be the family commemorated on the stones in the nearby field wall? Was it perhaps originally part of Robert's tomb? If so, it may originally have been located at the nearby Denbigh Carmelite Friary, and moved by the family to Tywysog after the dissolution by Henry VIII, when the Friary was dismantled. (see p.4)

Part of a cemetery has been located about 30 metres north of the Denbigh Friary church, in which the remains of 28 people ranging from infants to adults, have been discovered. They appeared to be

from a fairly narrow date range which was carbon dated to AD1435±15. The Friary enjoyed the patronage of the Salusbury family and a number of them were buried there. Many local citizens would also have paid the friars for the privilege of being buried within the cemetery.
(Denbighshire Transactions – 1988 no.37 pp.55-65)

The Roman Catholic faith survived in the area without an established base. The Parry family helped to maintain its presence.

As Robert and his children are all described as 'of Tywysog', it seems to indicate that Robert had probably acquired land in the township by the time of his marriage. He was a younger son of Ieuan ap Tudur ap Gruffydd of Berain and so would not have inherited the family seat of Berain. The current house is believed to have been built in the 16th century and so it is likely that there had been an earlier family dwelling somewhere within the township of Tywysog.

Robert's son and heir, **Harry** married Elin Wynn of Ffynogion. They had at least ten children. **Richard**, Thomas, John, Robert, Ales, Ales Wen, Grace, Margaret, Jane, Catherine.

Their eldest son, **Richard**, married Blanche Thelwall of Plas y Ward near Ruthin.
(Appendix 3 – the Thelwall family of Plas y Ward)

If the house was built in the late 16th century, then Richard s/o Harry was probably responsible for its construction. His initials are displayed under the date 1595.

Richard was recorded as living there in 1602.

The 17th and 18th centuries

1602 - George Owen's Account of Wales, Denbighshire.

George Owen (1552-1613) was a Welsh antiquarian and naturalist. In his account of Wales he lists 33 mansions in Denbighshire. Tywysog (*Foysoy in the account*) is included and **Richard Parry** and his wife, **Blanch** d/o Edward Thelwall are recorded as living there.

(The Gentleman's Magazine Vol.93 Part 2 1823 p.512)

Blanche died in 1608. Her burial was described by the famous clerk, Peter Roberts, in his chronicle 'Y Cwta Cyfawrydd' for the years 1607-1648. (p.10)

Burial Henllan 1608

'M'd that upon Sunday being the xiith day of March 1608 iuxta etc. Blanche Parry of Twysog in the parish of Henllan was buried, by credible report.'

Richard died about 1613 and left a will. (Appendix 4 – summary of the will)

In the will, Richard bequeaths his brother, Robert, the sum of £4 towards redeeming his tenement.

Richard's youngest brother, **Robert** (1540-1612), was a poet and also famous for his diaries, which are now held at the National Library of Wales at Aberystwyth. They are a valuable source for the history of North Wales and the emblem on the covers is an embossed gold rampant lion. He made his living as secretary to Judge Henry Townsend (1540-1621) (*who is mentioned in Richard's will*), who was the English circuit judge for Denbighshire. Robert's writings also include books of poems. His 'Diary', which begins in 1558, is actually a yearbook, which was originally designed as a record of mistreatments of Catholics under the regime of Elizabeth I. For the years 1558-1592 he took most of his information from John Stow's 'Annals of England', with a few additional entries regarding family events. From 1592, he used it more randomly but it included notes on a journey he made to Italy in 1600. From 1606-1609 it is blank. After the Gunpowder Plot in 1605, Parry was dismissed from his position and stripped of his property, and he and his wife were placed under house arrest.* They entrusted their son, Ffoulk, to Jesuit priests who took him to safety in France and gave him the pseudonym John Portland. The Parrys of Tywysog remained a staunchly Catholic family.

(Shakespeare: The Lost Years – E.J.Honigmann p.111)

* Robert Parry and his wife Dorothy Panton were each fined £120 when they were named as recusants (*i.e. they refused to attend Anglican services*) on the roll 1st November 1605-9th September 1606.

(F.H.Pugh Vol.3 p.382 – E377/15)

In his Will, Richard also exposes the financial difficulties of his near neighbour Sir John Salusbury of Lleweni (*the younger son, and eventual heir, of Katheryn of Berain*).

'And where I have lent now long sithence to Sir John Salusbury, Knight, late deceased, the sum of six pounds, as by a bill of his hand, in my custody, may appear. And where also I lent my lady his wife, by the hands of my brother Robert Parry, the sum of five pounds, as by her letter may appear. And where also I delivered to the hands of the said Sir John Salusbury the sum of twenty pounds, to the king's majesty's use, upon a privy seal received requiring the same, which he never paid over to his Majesty's use, and therefore I have been enforced to sue in th'Exchequer Chamber for the same. And for other twenty pounds lent by my brother-in-law to his highness' use, which several sums we have recovered by a decree in th'Exchequer Chamber, together with twelve pounds for costs of the suit, by reason whereof six and twenty pounds doth belong to me. Which said sums of

six and twenty pounds and eleven pounds being in the whole seven and thirty pounds I do give to my youngest sons well hoping and trusting that Mr Harry Salusbury (Sir John's heir) will not fail to pay the said several sums of money to the poor infants without delay, the rather for that I have spent in his late father's occasions great sums of money, which I do wholly remit and forgive if the sums aforesaid be duly paid without sinister delay.'

A marginal note was added in the copy of the will: 'Mr Harry Salusbury gave me due satisfaction for the £11 and bound himself to pay the £26 May Anno 1613. Which I do bequeath to my said sons Harry and Richard Parry.' (*Sir John had died shortly before Richard in 1612. Harry was Sir John Salusbury's eldest son and heir.*)

Richard and Blanche's eldest son, **John Parry**, married Oriana Urcina Salusbury (1597-) of Lleweni. She was the daughter of Sir John Salusbury and his wife Ursula. They had at least eight children – **Henry**, John, Edward, Dorothy, Ursula, Blanche, Mary and Euphemia.
(Appendix 6 – The Salusbury family pedigree)

John Parry was gratuitously made a burgess of Denbigh in 1630. i.e. he was not required to pay a fee. (see p.6)

John died in 1659. He left a will dated March 12th 1659. Administration was granted in January 1660. He left his main estate of Tywysog to his eldest son, **Henry Parry**. His son, Edward, inherited his Llanfair Dyffryn Clwyd lands. His other bequests were to:-

The poor of Henllan - £10; his daughter Dorothy, wife of Richard Lloyd - £120; his daughter Mary - £120 + £16; his maidservant, Anne Conway, daughter of John Conway – 20 shillings; Symon Parry, his adopted(?) son – 11 shillings and 'a sacke of cloathes' towards placing of him to be an apprentice'; and to all his other married daughters just 10 shillings each. His wife, Oriana, is not mentioned and so it is assumed that she had predeceased him.

(NLW ref. SA/1660/8/W) (Appendix 8)

John and Oriana's eldest son, **Henry**, married twice.

1. Catherine Roberts – There were three children from this marriage – **John**, William and Maria.
2. Jane Wood of Tal y Llyn, Anglesey – who had five daughters who all remained unmarried.

Henry's brother, John, became a priest. (see below p.10 – re. The Papists Bill)

Hearth Tax

In 1663 **Henry Parry** was required to pay tax for seven hearths.

(Ruthin Archives - E179/221/299/5)

In England and Wales, a tax on hearths was introduced on the 19th May 1662. Householders were required to pay a charge of 2s per annum for each hearth, with half of the payment due at Michelmas and the other half at Lady Day. Exemptions were those in receipt of poor relief and anyone whose house was worth less than 20s a year. A revision of the Act in 1664 made the tax payable by all who had more than two chimneys. It was eventually abolished in 1689.

Henry and Catherine's son, **John**, married Mary Kynaston of Oteley, Cheshire. Mary died in 1664.

Their son, **John Parry**, married twice.

1. **Mary Giffard** of **Blackladies**, Stafford. They had a son named **Thomas Parry**.
2. Elizabeth ? - they had at least seven children:- John, Mary, Catherine, Ann, Jane, Elizabeth and Clementina.

The **Giffards** were a staunchly Catholic family. **Blackladies** was originally a house of Benedictine nuns. Sir Thomas Giffard (d.1560) acquired it soon after the dissolution. His main residence was Chillington but his estate consisted of many other properties, including Blackladies. His tenants were mostly Roman Catholic and were accommodated with chapels at Long Birch and Blackladies. When faced with the Elizabethan Religious Settlement, he became a 'recusant'. Both **Richard** and his son **John** were also fined as 'recusants'. John's son, **Henry** and his wife **Jane Wood** were likewise named as recusants in Anglesey in 1640.

The Parry family was also prominent enough to be listed in the Papists Bill in 1680. **Henry Parry** (with an estate of £300) was described as 'notative'; his brother, **John Parry**, as a 'suspected priest'.

Thomas Parry (s/o John Parry and Mary Giffard) married three times.

1. Anne sister & heiress of John Wyborne of Flixton, Norfolk.
2. Catherine d/o Thomas Fitzherbert esq. of Swinnerton Park, Staffs. They had two children – Rose and Catherine Monica. Catherine became a nun. Rose died young.
3. **Elizabeth Edwards** of Coleshill, Holywell, Flint. They had two children – **Peter** and Elizabeth. Peter's sister, Elizabeth married, Robert Berkeley of Spetchley Hall, Worcester,

Peter Parry married twice.

1. **Rose Giffard** of Madeley, Staffs. She was the daughter of John Giffard of Blackladies, Staffs. Their daughter, **Rose**, became the sole heiress of Tywysog. The Giffards and Parrys, through intermarriage, had a royal descent from Edward III. (Powys Fadog p.435)
2. Miss Lloyd of Monachdy Gwyn, Caerns.. They had two daughters – Mary Anne and Eliza. (*Monachdy – in welsh translates as 'house of the monk'*)

The Parry family also owned a property called Pistyll Hall in Flintshire. **Rose** is believed to have grown up there. She may have been sent there to live after her mother's death and her father's remarriage. It is not clear whether her parents ever lived in the house. Thomas Pennant (1726-1798), who lived at Downing Hall, near Whitford, Flintshire, is believed to have painted a picture of Pistyll Hall. A recent owner of the property has found engravings on a window which link Rose to the house.

Rose Parry married Edward Francis Grainger 2nd son of William Grainger of Caucestown co. Meath on the 25th March 1794. (*N.B. Some accounts give the date as 23rd April 1795.*) The Spetchley Hall, Worcestershire, archives record that she married in a nearby church and held the reception in Spetchley Hall. Rose's Aunt, Elizabeth Parry, had married Robert Berkeley of Spetchley Hall.

Rose and Edward had at least eleven children.



Chalk drawing of seven of the children of Rose Parry and Edward Grainger, Düsseldorf 1808

Edward and Rose must have left Wales soon after their marriage, because some, if not all, of their children were born in dukedoms which later became parts of Germany. Edward William (1796) and Robert Edward (1797) were born in Hanover; Walter Joseph (1798) and Francis William (1799) in Hildesheim, and Charles John (1803) in Düsseldorf; The birthplaces of Alfred Augustus, Eliza Mary Rose (1807) and Adela Mary are not known. No further information has been found regarding the other three children who may all have died in infancy.

After Rose and Edward Grainger left Wales, it seems likely that her father, Peter Parry, and her step mother and half sisters Mary Anne Parry and Eliza were still living in Tywysog.

19th Century

Rose (w/o Edward Francis) died in Düsseldorf on the 8/6/1815. A notice announcing her death was printed in the Cambrian newspaper on the 19th August 1815.

'At Düsseldorf, Mrs E. Grainger, wife of E. Grainger esq. and daughter of the late P. Parry esq. of Twysog in the County of Denbigh.'



Rose's memorial in Düsseldorf

By 1822, a 'Mr. Grainger' was recorded as living in Tywysog. The Mr. Grainger mentioned was almost certainly, Edward and Rose's son, **Alfred Augustus Joseph Grainger**.

In 1822 a letter sent by the Rev. J. Brigg of Chester to Bishop Collingridge mentions the Catholic needs of Denbigh. In his letter he tells of 'a Mr Grainger who lived near Denbigh who wanted a chaplain. "He proposes that the Chaplain live with him in the house, to give him £25 per annum; to which **Mr Sankey** will add £10 per annum; the Chaplain is to have the run of the house etc. The Catholics will not exceed 20'

By 1823 Mr. Grainger had proposed 'the establishment of a Mission in the town of Denbigh' and by April 1824 we learn that Mass was being said at Tywysog, Mr. Grainger's home about 2.5 miles outside Denbigh near Henllan. The priest was Fr. Harrison, and it seemed that 'local Catholics were welcomed to join them for Mass.'

According to Pre-Reformation records the Parish of Henllan possessed several Chapels of Ease' under the Parish Church. One of these was at Waen Twysog a short distance from the house, 'an ancient yew stands near by and there is a Holy Well close at hand. Adjacent fields also bear the name 'Cae'r Person' – the Priest's field and 'Cae'r Clochydd' – the Bellringer's field which suggest an ecclesiastical connection. The ancient house of Twysog itself had several tombstones built into the

walls. (*?field walls*) The last of the Parry family, **Mary Ann Parry**, married **Mr. Charles Sankey** of Plas y Nant and Holywell and it was this man who helped Mr. Grainger with his offer to support a Priest in the area, and began the campaign for a Mission in Denbigh.

A letter from Bishop Bains to Bishop Collingridge written in 1825 reported that although Mass was being celebrated at Tywysog, the distance from Denbigh was proving to be something of a difficulty for the local Catholic population to attend.

"I left Twysog (Mr.Grainger's) this morning. He has made a decent little Chapel to which the public have access. I told Mr. Harrison (priest in charge) that he must consider Tywsog a regularly established mission and take care of the Catholics as fall within his range, particularly those of Denbigh who, living so far distant from Holywell, have not had the attention they ought"

Rose and Edward's eldest son, **Edward William Grainger** married Elise Countess of de Lodron Laterano on the 15th October 1827.

When Edward and Rose's daughter, **Eliza Mary Rose** married, her father was still described as 'of Twysog' in the following report from 1833, which seems to indicate that he still owned the property, even though he wasn't living there.

'At Munich, Count Potemkin, Ambassador from Russia, at the court of Bavaria, to Eliza, daughter of E.M.Grainger esq. of Twysog, Denbighshire.'
(New Monthly Magazine Vol.38 1833 - p.383)

Their son, **Alfred Augustus Joseph Grainger** married Elizabeth, third daughter of George Roskell esq. of Flint. Alfred is described in the newspaper report as 'of Holywell' and so it appears that he had left Tywysog by 1837.
(North Wales Chronicle 20th June 1837)

Alfred and Elizabeth had a daughter, Alfreda Mary Jane Grainger.

Alfred died intestate in 1838. His widow, Elizabeth Grainger, was granted administration of his estate on the 9th May 1838. His assets were valued at less than £1000. He was described again as 'of Holywell'. His death was registered in the March quarter 1838.
(NLW ref. SA/1838/62 B)

Their daughter, Alfreda, died in infancy shortly after her father in 1838. Her death was registered in Holywell in the September quarter. Elizabeth remarried in 1841 to Michael Harnett of Liverpool. Administration of Alfreda's estate, (*she was the sole heiress of Alfred*) was not granted until January 1843. Elizabeth was named as the administrator and the sole next of kin of her infant daughter. Alfreda's assets were valued at less than £800.
(NLW ref. SA/1843/43 B)

Tywysog probably became tenanted soon after Alfred and his family moved to Holywell.

Edward Francis Grainger was created a Baron of Bavaria on the 21st January 1839 by Ludwig I (aka Louis) King of Bavaria. In consequence, according to German law, all his legitimate offspring had the same title – Freiherr von Grainger for males and Freiin von Grainger for females.

N.B. The Jacobites still believe that the current Francis II of Bavaria is the legitimate successor to the Stuart Kings of England, Scotland, France and Ireland. The claim traces back to Henrietta, the

youngest daughter of Charles I.

(Appendix 5 – The Bavarian link to the British Crown)

Edward Francis von Grainger died on the 11th August 1841 in Munich.

His son, **Edward William von Grainger** is still described in Griffith's pedigrees and Powys Fadog as of 'Tywysog & Pistyll'.

By 1841 Tywysog was tenanted by Robert Jones and his wife, Margaret, who had both been born in Nantglyn. Their daughter, Mary Jones, was born in Henllan, and so the family had been living in the parish since at least 1831 and were possibly the first tenants.

1841 Census

Twysog (PRO ref. HO 107/1402/5) *N.B. In 1841 the ages for adults were generally rounded down.*

| | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------------|----|--------------|
| Robert Jones | 50 | farmer | b. | Denbighshire |
| Margaret Jones | 50 | | b. | “ |
| Evan Jones | 20 | | b. | “ |
| Margt. Jones | 20 | | b. | “ |
| William Jones | 15 | | b. | “ |
| Mary Jones | 10 | | b. | “ |
| Thomas Jones | 8 | | b. | “ |
| Cathrine Jones | 5 | | b. | “ |
| Susanna Evans | 20-24 | F.S. | b. | “ |
| Mary Price | 15-19 | F.S. | b. | “ |
| Cathrine Roberts | 14 | independent | b. | “ |

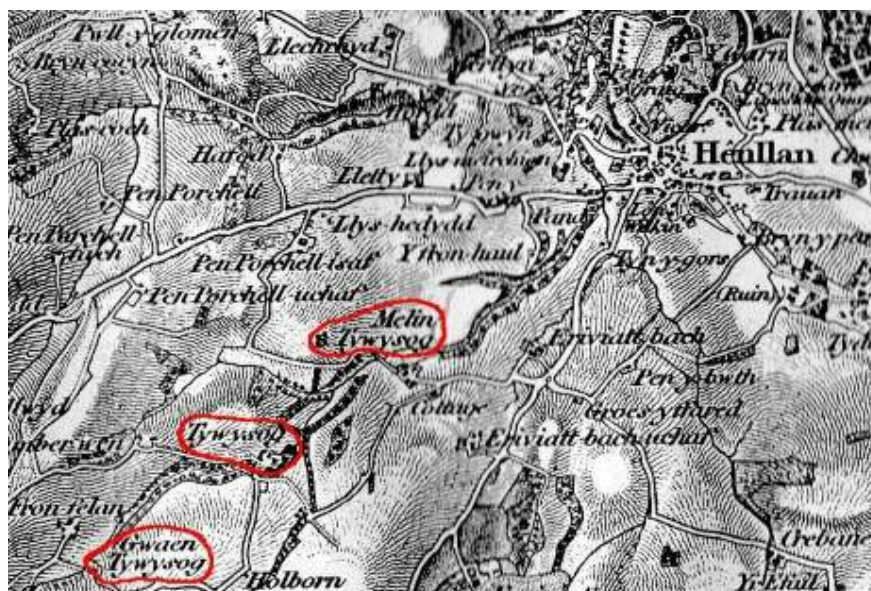
Twysog (PRO ref. HO 107/1402/5)

| | | | | |
|---------------|----|------|----|---|
| David Wynne | 20 | M.S. | b. | “ |
| Elias Wynne | 15 | M.S. | b. | “ |
| Robert Hughes | 10 | M.S. | b. | “ |
| Evan Jones | 15 | M.S. | b. | “ |

1841 Waen Dwysog (PRO ref. HO 107/1402/5) *(N.B. previously a Chapel at Ease – see p.12)*

| | | | | |
|------------------|----|--------|----|---|
| John Salusbury | 53 | farmer | b. | “ |
| Jane Salusbury's | 49 | | b. | “ |
| Ann | 22 | | b. | “ |
| Thomas | 17 | | b. | “ |
| Robert | 13 | | b. | “ |
| Jane | 12 | | b. | “ |
| Elizabeth | 7 | | b. | “ |

(see p.15 for map showing the locations of the houses.)



map -1840

1851 Census

Twysog Farm (PRO ref. HO. 107/2507)

| | | | | | |
|------------------|--------|-----|----|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Robert Jones | Head | M | 63 | farmer 315 acres empl. 5 lab. | b. Nantglyn, Denbigh. |
| Margaret Jones | W | M | 65 | farmer's wife | b. " |
| Mary Jones | dau | unm | 21 | farmer's dau. | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |
| Thomas Jones | son | unm | 16 | farmer's son | b. " |
| Cath. Jane Jones | dau | unm | 15 | farmer's dau. | b. " |
| Jane Jones | grdau. | | 3 | | b. " |
| Wm. Williams | serv. | unm | 30 | labourer | b. Llansannan, Denbigh. |
| Timothy Owens | serv. | unm | 22 | " | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |
| John Allen? | serv. | unm | 19 | " | b. Llanrhaiadr, Denbigh. |
| Isaac Jones | serv. | unm | 17 | " | b. " |
| William Jones | serv. | | 13 | lab. & errand boy | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |

1851 Twysog Cottage (PRO ref. HO. 107/2507)

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----|----|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Maurice Williams | H | M | 75 | farmer 75 acres empl. 1 lab. | b. Cyffylliog, Denbigh |
| Elizabeth Williams | W | M | 72 | farmer's wife | b. Llanrhaiadr, Denbigh. |
| Maurice Williams | son | unm | 41 | farmer's son | b. " |

1851 Twysog Mill (PRO ref. HO. 107/2507)

| | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|----|---------|------------------------|
| William Williams | H | M | 54 | millers | b. Llansannan, Denbigh |
| Mary Williams | W | M | 48 | wife | b. " |

1851 Waen Dwysog (PRO ref. HO. 107/2507)

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-----|----|-----------------|---------------------|
| John Salusbury | H | M | 63 | farmer 66 acres | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Jane Salusbury | W | M | 63 | wife | b. " |
| Thomas Salusbury | son | unm | 27 | son | b. " |
| Robert Salusbury | son | unm | 24 | son | b. " |
| Elizabeth Salusbury | dau | unm | 17 | daughter | b. " |

In **1855**, Charles and Mary Ann Sankey's daughter, **Mary Ann**, married Rose's son, **Robert Edward von Grainger**. She was his second wife. (Appendix 2 – Parry family pedigree) (see also p.12 - reference to 'Mr. Sankey')

On the 21st September 1857, **Edward Walter von Grainger** married Julia Standforth.

His father, Edward William von Grainger, died on the 31st August 1864 in Notzing, Oberbayern.

Edward and Elise's son, **Edward Walter von Grainger**, is also recorded in pedigrees as 'of Tywysog and Pistyll'. The following newspaper report confirmed that in 1864 he was resident in Bavaria when Queen Victoria granted him permission to use the Parry name and arms.

The Edinburgh Gazette, December 2 1864

OFFICE OF ARMS, DUBLIN CASTLE, November 24, 1864.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give and grant under Edward William Grainger, Esquire, now resident in the Kingdom of Bavaria, only son and heir of the late Edward William Grainger, Esquire, who was the eldest son and heir of Edward Francis Grainger, and grandson of William Grainger of Causestown, in the county of Meath, Esquire, and unto the three uncles and the two aunts of the said Edward William Grainger, Esquire, of the Kingdom of Bavaria, viz.:—Robert Edward Grainger, Walter Joseph Grainger, Charles John Grainger, Eliza Rose Mary, and Adele, Her Majesty's royal licence and authority, bearing date at St James's, the 4th day of November 1864, that he, the said Edward William Grainger, Esquire, and the aforesaid descendants of his said grandfather, Edward Francis Grainger, and Rose Parry, his wife, only child and heiress of Peter Parry of Twysog and Pitshill, in the county of Flint, Esquire, may take and use the surname and arms of Parry in lieu of the surname and arms of Grainger: Provided that Her Majesty's royal concession and declaration be recorded in the Office of Ulster King of Arms in Ireland, which has been done accordingly.

J. BERNARDBURKE, Ulster.

1861 Census

Tywysog (PRO ref. RG.9/4301)

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|------|----|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Robert Jones | H | wid. | 72 | farmer 315 acres – 4 lab. | b. Nantglyn, Denbigh. |
| Thomas Jones | son | unm | 26 | farmer's son | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Catherine Jones | dau | unm | 24 | farmer's dau. | b. “ |
| William Jones | grson | | 14 | scholar | b. “ |
| Margaret Jones | grdau | | 17 | dairymaid | b. “ |
| Jane Jones | grdau | | 13 | scholar | b. “ |
| William Jones | serv. | unm | 24 | carter | b. “ |
| David Davies | serv. | unm | 23 | carter | b. Llansannan, Denbigh. |
| Margaret Jones | serv. | unm | 23 | house servant | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| David Jones | serv. | M | 40 | carter | b. “ |

1861 Waen Dwysog (PRO ref. RG.9/4301)

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|----|-------------------|------------------------|
| John Salusbury | H | M | 73 | farmer 96 acres | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Jane Salusbury | W | M | 69 | | b. Llansannan, Denbigh |
| Anne Salusbury | dau | unm | 44 | farmer's daughter | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Robert Salusbury | son | M | 36 | farmer's son | b. “ |

In 1866 the Tywysog Estate was put up for sale.

(5th May 1866 The North Wales Chronicle and Advertiser for the Principality)

DENBIGHSHIRE. Important and valuable Freehold Estates, extending over 1,000 acres, and producing a rental of nearly £800 per annum, situate in the parishes of Henllan, Llanefydd, Llansannan, Llanfair Dyffryn Clwyd, near Denbigh and Ruthin, known as the Twysog Estates, Mr. Marsh has been favoured with instructions to Sell by Auction, at the Bull Hotel, Denbigh, on Friday, May 25th, at 2 for 3 o'clock, in numerous lots, the Twysog Estate comprising 344 acres of arable, meadow, pasture, and wood land, in a ring fence, with farmhouse, and all requisite agricultural buildings, in the parishes of Henllan and Llanefydd, about three miles from Denbigh, in the occupation of Mr. Robert Jones and Mr. Lloyd, the site on which the old mansion of Twysog now stands offers a choice spot for the erection of a residence, being in the centre of the property, approached by a carriage drive with lodge entrance, and commands extensive and uninterrupted views over this ornamentally timbered Estate.

1866 25th May - A poster advertising the sale.

'Sale of part of the Ruthin Castle estate in the parishes of Henllan, Dyffryn Clwyd, Llansannan & Llanefydd including Twysog, Twysog Bach etc.' *(No record has been found of Tywysog ever having been part of the Ruthin Castle Estate. See below 'Deed of Sale' - Garn Estate MSS. However, Frederick Myddleton West of Ruthin Castle may have been one of the mortgagees mentioned and had perhaps instigated the sale on behalf of Edward Walter Grainger)*

(Ruthin Archives: Fraser Roberts MSS – DD/F/117)

Lot 1 – Twysog Bach – in the occupation of Mr. Richard Jones rental £40 pa.

Lot 22 – Tywsog, the family seat used formerly to stand on this now farm, the remains being at present partly tenable by the occupier Mr. Robert Jones. It consisted of:-

14 rooms, cellars, bathroom & watercloset, also immediately contiguous, and formerly part of, are four bedrooms, housekeeper's room, kitchen, cheese & sorting rooms, dairy, washhouse with storerooms over, milk house & the usual necessities, with storeroom over, which have been lately erected for the benefit of the tenant.

The outbuildings – stable, saddlery, coach house, cart shed, granary, shippin, straw bin & loose box, all with lofts over, barn & straw house, threshing machine, lean-to open shed, privy & range of calf cots at back of building, stable, chaff room, range of piggeries, brewhouse, smithy, coal & potato house, gorse mill driven by water. The Lot also included two other small farms. The total acreage of the Lot was 351 acres 2 roods 19 perches. The Tywsog part consisted of 253 acres 1 rood 5 perches.

The Tywysog Estate was sold at a very low price as the following news item reported.

THE TWYSOG ESTATE. This valuable estate was purchased, on Friday week, by **George Griffiths, Esq. Garn**, for the small sum of £8,000 pounds.

Wrexham & Denbighshire Advertiser & Cheshire Shropshire & North Wales 9th June 1866.

1866/67 – Garn Estate MSS

'Deed of sale, by **Baron Edward Walter Charles Grainger** and his mortgagees to **George Griffith**, --- of Twysog, Lodge Farm, Old Mill, Holburn, Tyddyn Issa, Bwch Sadwrn, land at Tryan, in Henllan and Llanefydd, and messuages in School Street, Henllan.'

(NLW ref. ECD3/17)

Tywysog had finally left the ownership of the 'Parry' family in 1866.

By 1871, Tywysog also had a new tenant.

1871 Census

Tywysog Farm (PRO ref. RG10/5674)

| | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|-----|----|--------------|-------------------------|
| Isaac Williams | serv | unm | 14 | farm servant | b. Llansannan, Denbigh. |
| John Evans | serv. | unm | 15 | " | b. " |

1871 Tywysog Lodge (PRO ref. RG 10/5674)

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|---------|------------|----------------------|
| Richard Williams | H | M | 30 | gamekeeper | b. Denbigh, Denbigh. |
| Rachel " | W | M | 37 | | b. St. Asaph, Flint |
| Richard " | son | unm | 16 | servant | b. Denbigh, Denbigh. |
| John " | son | | 14 | scholar | b. " |
| William " | son | | 12 | " | b. " |
| Anne N. Roberts | dau | unm | 11 | " | b. St. Asaph, Flint |
| Robert Williams | son | | 9 | " | b. Denbigh, Denbigh. |
| Elizabeth " | dau | | 21mths. | | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |

1871 Waen Dwysog (PRO ref. RG 10/5674)

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|----|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Robert Salusbury | H | M | 44 | farmer of 60 acres | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Mary Salusbury | W | M | 39 | | b. Llanefydd, Denbigh |
| Moses Salusbury | son | unm | 19 | farm servant | b. " |
| John Salusbury | son | unm | 15 | scholar | b. " |
| Thomas Salusbury | son | | 10 | " | b. Henllan, Denbigh |
| Mary Salusbury | dau | | 8 | " | b. " |
| Robert Salusbury | son | | 6 | " | b. " |
| David Salusbury | son | | 3 | " | b. " |

1881 Census

Twysog (PRO ref. RG 11/5533)

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---|----|------------------|------------------------|
| William Jones | H | M | 30 | farmer 257 acres | b. N.K. Flintshire |
| Elizabeth Jones | W | M | 28 | farmer's wife | b. Llanefydd, Denbigh. |
| Mary Jones | dau | | 8 | farmer's dau. | b. Llanefydd, Denbigh. |
| John William Jones | son | | 6 | farmer's son | b. " |
| Thomas Jones | son | | 4 | " | b. " |
| Elizabeth Jones | dau | | 3 | farmer's dau. | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |
| Jane Jones | dau | | 1 | " | b. " |
| Jane Edwards | serv. | | 13 | farm servant | b. Merioneth |

1881 Twysog (PRO ref. RG 11/5533)

| | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---|----|--------------|--|
| Thomas Douglas | H | M | 31 | farm servant | b. Balmaclellan N.B. (Balmaclellan, Kirkcudbrightshire) |
| Jane Kerr Douglas | W | M | 29 | " | b. Wanlockhead, Sanquhar N.B. (Dumfriesshire) |
| James K. Douglas | son | | 7 | | b. " |
| Margaret Douglas | dau | | 6 | | b. Kirkmahoe N.B. (Dumfriesshire) |
| Elizabeth Douglas | dau | | 4 | | b. " |
| Alexander Douglas | son | | 1 | | b. " |
| David McMurray | boarder wid | | 44 | farmer | b. Sanquhar, N.B. |

Severe economic depression in Scotland in the 19th century, caused by landlords creating large estates for the purpose of sheep farming, resulted in the eviction of subtenants and less work available for agricultural servants. Heavy migration of people both abroad and south into England and Wales followed. James Douglas may have been one of those affected.

By 1883 another Scottish man and his family were living at Tywsog – James McMurray.

Soon after moving to Henllan, his eldest daughter was married.

'William Longton, Cader Uchaf, Denbigh, eldest son of William Longton, Moorside, Widnes to Ellen eldest daughter of **J. McMurray, Twysog Hall**, Twysog, Denbigh' were married in Liverpool on February 16th 1883.

(Wrexham and Denbighshire Advertiser and Cheshire Shropshire and North Wales 24th February 1883)

1883 Slater's Directory

James McMurray farmer Twysog

1886 Villages & Parishes of Denbighshire

James McMurray farmer Twysog

James seems to have been a very benevolent man as the following newspaper report indicates.

County Magistrates Court

Stealing Snowdrops: Ann Jones, Elizabeth Jones (Henllan Street) and Mary Morris (Swine Market), were summoned by P.C.Evans for stealing a quantity of snowdrops, valued at 10s, the property of Mr McMurray, Twysog, on the 17th inst. The Defendants admitted the offence. Mr McMurray therefore did not wish to press the case against the defendants, and if they paid the costs he would be satisfied. He took out a summons as people were in constant habit of stealing his snowdrops, which he grew for the Liverpool market, and these women had gone there in his absence and taken the snowdrops. If they would go now and ask him for some snowdrops he would give them enough to pay the costs. The chairman said that if the defendants had not admitted the offence, it would have been necessary, if Mr. McMurray had pressed the charge, to convict the defendants, but as the case was not pressed, they would be let off on paying the costs, 4s 6d each. He remarked that there seemed to be a general impression that flowers could be taken from anywhere; but this case was just as bad as if defendants had stolen anything out of the house. The money was paid.

(Denbighshire Free Press 27th February 1886)

By 1888, Henry Evans was living in Twysog Yard with his family and working for James McMurray.

'Drunk in the Star Inn' – Henry Evans, Twysog, was summoned by P.C.Charles Evans for being drunk and disorderly on November 3rd 1888. The Defendant was very drunk and offered to fight all those standing near. Mr McMurray, the employer of the defendant, gave him a good character, and he was fined 2s 6d and costs.'

(The North Wales Chronicle and Advertiser for the Principality 24th November 1888)

1889 Sutton's Directory

James McMurray farmer Twysog

1891 Census

Twysog Cottage (PRO ref. RG12/4630)

uninhabited

1891 Twysog (PRO ref. RG12/4630)

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|-----|----|--------------------|----------------------|---------|
| James McMurray | H | M | 59 | farmer | b. Scotland | English |
| Margaret “ | W | M | 47 | | b. “ | “ |
| Jane “ | dau | unm | 24 | | b. “ | “ |
| Margaret “ | dau | | 15 | scholar | b. “ | Both |
| John “ | son | | 13 | “ | b. “ | “ |
| Mary R.G. “ | Dau | | 6 | “ | b. Henllan, Denbigh. | “ |
| William Longton | s-in-l | M | 38 | farmer | b. Widnes. Lancs. | English |
| Alice ?Saggers | visitor | unm | 27 | waitress, domestic | b. Liverpool, Lancs. | “ |
| Sarah E. Jones | serv. | unm | 17 | gen. Servant dom. | b. Denbigh, Denbigh. | Both |
| Elias Roberts | serv. | unm | 18 | farm servant | b. “ | “ |
| Robert J. Evans | serv. | unm | 21 | farm servant | b. Henllan, Denbigh. | “ |
| John Beattie | serv. | unm | 24 | shepherd on farm | b. Scotland | “ |
| Helen Longton | dau | M | 26 | | b. “ | English |

1891 Twysog Yard (PRO ref. RG12/4630)

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|---|----|--------------|----------------------------|-------|
| Henry Evans | H | M | 28 | farm servant | b. Henllan, Denbigh | Welsh |
| Catherine Evans | W | M | 24 | | b. Cerrigydrudion, Denbigh | “ |
| Thomas Evans | son | | 5 | | b. Henllan, Denbigh. | “ |
| Mary J. Evans | dau | | 2 | | b. “ | “ |

James McMurray died in 1896. His death was reported in the Denbighshire Free Press on 11th April 1896.

Death of Councillor McMurray

Yesterday afternoon, County Councillor James McMurray died at his residence, Stonehouse, Denbigh (where he had come to reside from Twysog), after a brief illness, though he had latterly been in failing health. He leaves several sons and daughters, his wife having died some 12 months ago.

20th century

North Wales Times 22nd December 1900

NIGHT POACHING AT TYWYSOG. On Wednesday, before Captain Cole (in the chair), and Col. Wynne Edwards' Robt. Thomas Jones, Henllan Street, was charged in custody by Thomas E. Hooks: with night poaching on the above estate, on the morning of the 18th of December. Mr. A. O. Evans appeared to prosecute, and Mr. Marston defended. The same evidence was tendered in this case as in the cases which had been decided, except that a new witness of the name of Foulkes, identified the prisoner as one of the men, as he hit him with a stick, when he was only about a yard from him, and he also said that Hooks was within a yard to the prisoner, but Hooks had said previously that he was about 8 yards away. Mr. Marston called the defendant, his wife, and a woman of the name of Sarah Beaty, to prove that the defendant was in the house at the time of the alleged offence. The Bench said they had no doubt but the prisoner was guilty, but they strongly disapproved of the way the case had been conducted. They did not blame Mr. Evans at all. The prisoner would be sent to gaol for three calendar months with hard labour, and at the expiration of that term, he would be bound over in the sum of £10, and two sureties of £5, or one surety of £10 to not to offend again for twelve months, in default, he would be sent to prison for another six months with hard labour.

By 1901, the tenant in Tywysog was William Ruby (Rabey) Robinson, who had been born in Lancashire.

Birth reg. William Rabey Robinson September qtr. Lancaster reg. Sept qtr. 1857

Marriage reg. William Raby Robinson & Elizabeth Anne Joyce June qtr. 1886 Ruthin reg.

1901 Census

Twysog Lodge (PRO ref. RG 13/5240)

uninhabited

1901 Tywysog, Bylchau (PRO ref. RG 13/5240)

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----|----|---------------------|---------------------------|------|
| William Ruby Robinson | H | M | 43 | farmer employer | b. Kellet, Lancs | Eng. |
| Elizabeth Robinson | W | M | 41 | (deaf) | b. Ruthin, Denbigh. | Both |
| Eliza Nesta “ | dau | | 13 | | b. N.America (Brit. Sub.) | Eng. |
| John Norman Clifford “ | son | | 12 | | b. Denbigh, Denbigh. | “ |
| Mary Cora “ | dau | | 10 | | b. Llanefydd, Denbigh. | “ |
| Eva Joyce “ | dau | | 4 | | b. “ | “ |
| Kathleen Ruby “ | dau | | 2 | | b. Henllan, Denbigh | “ |
| Thomas Jones | serv. | M | 37 | lab. on farm worker | b. Bodfari, Flint | Both |
| William Williams | serv. | | 17 | carter on farm “ | b. Henllan, Denbigh | “ |
| Zachariah Williams | serv. | | 15 | helper on farm “ | b. Henllan, Denbigh | “ |
| Miriam Davies | serv. | unm | 22 | gen. serv. dom “ | b. Henllan, Denbigh | “ |

1901 Cottage in Twysog Yard

uninhabited

In 1905, William's daughter, Eva Joyce was elected 'May Queen' of Denbigh.
(Denbighshire Free Press 29th April 1905)

In 1907, William and his wife Elizabeth decided to leave Tywysog and emigrate to the U.S.A.

Important Sale at Twysog

On Thursday last, the 19th inst. Messrs T & W Leathes conducted one of the most successful agricultural farm sales held in the county of Denbigh for some time, when at Twysog, Henllan, they brought under the hammer the property of Mr. W R Robinson, who is going broad in the spring. The live stock comprised 10 cart mares, cobs, and foals, 43 Shorthorn cattle. 180 Welsh and crossbred sheep. 3 pigs, together with the whole of the crops, implements etc. Cattle and sheep came forward in nice condition, full of bloom, which reflected great credit upon Mr Robinson, who is most highly respected in the district. An exceptionally large company assembled round the ring from far and near, and consequently a most satisfactory trade resulted.

(Denbighshire Free Press 28th December 1907)

They left in April 1908

It is with regret that we have to record the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Twysog, Henllan, who are emigrating to Minnesota. They left Denbigh on Wednesday amidst the regret but good wishes of their numerous friends. We wish them every happiness in their new home across the seas.

(Denbighshire Free Press 4th April 1908)

The next tenants at Tywysog were the Roberts family. **Godfrey Roberts** and his wife **Ellen** and two sons who had come from Merionethshire. Godfrey died in 1908. His death was registered in Oswestry in the March quarter. Ellen took over the tenancy of Tywysog after the Robinsons had left.

Godfrey and Ellen's eldest son, **Hugh Roberts**, gave evidence at an inquest into the death of his niece.

Accidental Death

In 1909, a niece of Hugh Roberts, Lena Jones d/o William Jones labourer, Twysog Farm was fatally burned in an accident. She was 4½ years old. Hugh Roberts was awakened by hearing the little girl screaming and saw that she was in flames. He wrapped a coat round her, extinguishing the fire. She was taken to the Infirmary, where she died.

(Denbighshire Free Press 20th March 1909)

1910 23rd November - Land Tax – Henllan Ucha, Isaled

| | |
|---|---|
| Twysog:- tenant: Hugh Roberts | owner: W.D.W. Griffith of Garn |
| house and buildings: – | annual valuation - £16 rateable value - £14. 10s |
| land:- 254 acres 1 rood 5 perches | “ - £144 “ - £136. 15s |

(Ruthin Archives ref. LTD/1/25)

1911

Tywysog (PRO ref. 623/3/7)

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------|-----|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Ellen Roberts | H | W | 72 | farmer employer | b. Bala, Merioneth |
| Jane Ellen Roberts | dau | unm | 37 | dairy work | b. Corwen, Merioneth |
| Hugh Roberts | son | unm | 35 | working on farm | b. “ |
| John Roberts | son | unm | 31 | “ | b. “ |
| Rebea Roberts | niece | unm | 17 | gen. servant domestic | b. Toxteth, Liverpool |
| John Davies | serv. | unm | 23 | waggoner on farm | b. Bylchau, Denbigh. |
| Robert Davies | serv. | unm | 20 | “ | b. Bylchau, Denbigh. |
| Harold Jones | serv. | unm | 16 | cow boy on farm | b. Henllan, Denbigh. |
| Kate Ellen Roberts | niece | | 10 | | b. Ruthin, Denbigh. |

1911 Tywysog Lodge (PRO ref. 623/3/7)

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|---|----|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Harry Cross | H | M | 35 | gamekeeper worker | b. Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk |
| Edith Jemima Cross | W | M | 35 | | b. Hitchin, Herts |
| Victor John Cross | son | | 9 | | b. Goring on Thames, Oxon |
| Leslie Cross | son | | 6 | | b. Walton, Peterborough |
| Geoffrey Cross | son | | 4 | | b. Luton, Beds |

Hugh Roberts had six children. The eldest, Elizabeth Ellen Roberts was born at Tywysog. The family left Tywysog about 1925.

William Douglas Wynne Griffith of Garn died in 1927. His death was registered in St. Asaph in the December quarter 1927. He was 87 years old. Tywysog was probably sold soon after this date to **E.A. Ffoulkes** of Eriviat Hall. He had inherited the seat of the Ffoulkes family from his uncle, Major Jocelyn Ffoulkes, who died on the 30th July 1898 aged 84 years. Edmund was the son of the Reverend Edmund Salusbury Ffoulkes, the vicar of St. Mary the Virgin church in Oxford. His mother was Anne, the youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Strange, first Justice of Madras and in turn the son the famous Scottish engraver and well known Jacobite, Sir Robert Strange (1721-1792). He had taken part in the 1745 rebellion and had also produced engraved images of the Young Pretender.

(Appendix 7 - Ffoulkes family pedigree)

By 1930 Robert Williams had become the tenant.

Electoral Rolls

1930 Parish of Bylchau

Tywysog - 4065 **Robert Williams**
4066 Elizabeth Jane Williams

(Ruthin Archives ref. QSD/DK/2/272)

1933/34 Land Tax - Henllan Ucha, Isaled

Twysog:- tenants – **Messrs. Williams** owner – **E.A. Ffoulkes**

annual valuation - £152 rateable value (in the £) - £1. 5s. 5d

(Ruthin Archives ref. LTD/1/26)

1937/38 Land Tax – Henllan, Isaled

Twysog:- tenant – **Messrs. Williams** owner – **E.A. Ffoulkes**

annual valuation - £152. 10s rateable value (in the £) - £1. 5s 5d

(Ruthin Archives ref. LTD/1/30)

William Jones was the tenant by 1945.

Electoral Rolls

1945 15th October

Tywysog:- 3997 **William Jones**
3919 Annie Jones
4021 Thomas Owen

(Ruthin Archives ref. QSD/DK/2/293)

By 1947, Gwilym and Olwen Williams were the tenants in the property. They had married in the December quarter 1945. The marriage was registered in Ruthin. Olwen's maiden name was 'Jones'. The previous tenants may have been related to Olwen.

1947 15th October

Tywysog:- 4665 **Gwilym C. Williams**
4682 Olwen Williams

(Ruthin Archives ref. QSD/DK/2/295)

Edmund Andrew Ffoulkes of 60 Woodstock Road in the city of Oxford and of Eriviat Hall died on the 9th March 1949. After a few personal bequests, he left the residuary estate including Eriviat Hall (*and probably Tywysog*) to his Trustees to manage. (Ruthin Archives – DD/SJ Will Book 6 pp.124-131)

1949 June 10th

Tywysog:- 4626 Gwilym C. Williams
4641 Olwen Williams

(Ruthin Archives ref. QSD/DK/2/298)

The electoral roll for 1950 shows both Gwilym C. Williams and his wife were still at Tywysog, but they left later that year and moved to Wern in Llanbedr.

By a conveyance dated 1950 21st August, the within named executor conveyed the freehold property known as Eriviat Hall in the County of Denbigh containing 6,245 acres or thereabouts to Thomas Wilfred Challoner. (*and probably Tywysog*)

(Ruthin Archives – DD/SJ Will Book 6 pp.124-131)

There is no entry in 1951 for Tywysog, but it was put up for sale in 1951 and was bought by **John Samuel Parry** and his wife Kitty Wynne Parry. John Parry's birth is recorded in the Glyndwr register office in the December quarter 1916. His mother's maiden name was Williams. It is not known whether John was related to the previous occupant.

Electoral Roll 1952

Tywysog:- John Samuel Parry
Kitty Wynne Parry

John Parry sold Tywysog to **Gwilym and Elizabeth Edwards** in September 1989.

21st Century

Current owners: **Rhodri and Ffion Edwards** – son and daughter-in-law of Gwilym & Elizabeth Edwards.

Gill. Jones & Ann Morgan

May 2016

Parry Family Ancestors – part 1

XIth Noble tribe

Marchweithian ap Tangwel, Lord of Is Aled commote

b.abt. 1000 I

Marchwyst ap Marchweithian

b.abt. 1030 I

Ystryth ap Marchwyst

b.abt. 1070 I

Cadwgon ap Ystryth

b.abt. 1100 I

Cynddelw ap Cadwgon

b.abt. 1130 I

Tyfid 'Forsog' ap Cynddelw of Carwedfynydd

b.abt. 1170 I

Heilin 'Gloff' ap Tyfid 'Forsog' of Carwedfynydd m. Nest vch Cadwgon

b.abt. 1200 I

Llywarch m. Gwenllian vch Madog of Carwedfynydd

b.abt. 1230 I

Cynwrig ap Llywarch of Carwedfynydd, Llanefydd m. unknown vch Cynwrig 'Ddewis Herod'

b.abt. 1270 I

of Llanfairtlhearn

Cynwrig 'Fychan' ap Cynwrig of Llanrwst m. 1. Eva vch Madog Goch

b.abt. 1300 I

2. Gwenhwyfar vch Llewelyn 'Dew' of Llanrwst

Heilin 'Frych' ap Cynwrig 'Fychan' of Llanefydd m. Nest vch Gruffudd Llwyd

b.abt. 1330 I

Gruffudd 'Llwyd' ap Heilin 'Frych' of Berain m. Jonet vch Einon ap Maredudd

b.abt. 1370 I

Tudur ap Gruffydd Llwyd of Berain m. Jonet vch Bleddyn of Coed llai, yr Wyddgrug

I

Ieuan ap Tudur ap Gruffydd of Berain m. Gwenllian vch Llewelyn ap Ieuan ap Tudur ap Gruffydd

I



p.427 - Pennant

Tudur (Tydr) ap (Ievan) Ieuan

Robert ap Ieuan

Gruffydd ap Ieuan

of Berain

m.

m.

m.

Lleucu vch John ap Robin ap Gruffydd Goch
of Bryn Eurn, Llandrillo yn Rhos

Elin Rosindale of Foxhall

Gwenhwyfer vch Iorweth Llwyd
ap Howell

I

I

Robert (Vychan) ap Tudur

Harry

John Wynn

Sir William

Isabel

Elin Ann

of Berain

b. Tywysog

m.

m.

Grace vch John Conway of Bodrhyddan, Rhuddlan

Elin Wynn of Ffynogion

I

I

Tudur ap Robert (Vychan) Vaughan
(Robert Tudor) **of Berain**

Richard

Thomas

John

***Robert**

Ales

Ales Grace

Margaret

Jane

Catherine

m. 1531

m.

m.

1. Jane Vielville

Blanche Thelwall
of Plas y Ward

Dorothy Panton

I

I

I

I

I

.....

I

I

Ffoulke

Katheryn **of Berain**

b.abt.1535 d.1591

John

Robert

Thomas

Henry

Richard

Dorothy

Jane

b. Tywysog

cont. part 2

Appendix 2

Parry Family of Tywysog, Henllan part 2

Harry ap Robert m. Elin Wynn I Sir John Salusbury m. **Katheryn Tudor** of Berain I

.....
Richard Parry * **Robert** Sir John Salusbury m. Ursula Stanley
 d.abt.1613 1540-1614 I
 m. m. I
 Blanche Thelwall Dorothy I
 of Plas y Ward d/o John Wynn Panton I
 I I

.....
John Parry m. Oriana Urcina Salusbury of Lleweni
 d.1659 will 1660 I 1597-

.....
Henry John Edward Dorothy Ursula Blanche Mary Euphemia
 priest d.1688
 m. will m. m. m. m.
 1. Catherine Roberts Richard Lloyd Owen Parry William Owen William Wynn
 of Nerquis, Wales d.1665 of Llanelian of Cefn y Garlleyn of Creuddyn of Plas Pela
 2. Jane Wood
 I of Tal y Llyn, Anglesey
 I I
 I
 I 5 daughters all unmarried

.....
John Parry William Parry Maria Parry
 m. m.
 Mary Kynaston of Oteley, Cheshire Thomas Mostyn of Stockin,
 I Whitford, Flint

.....
John Parry m. 1. Mary Giffard of Blackladies, Stafford
 2. Elizabeth

I I

Thomas John Mary Catherine Ann Jane Elizabeth Clementina
 a nun spinster
 m. m. m. m. d.1786 m.
 Elizabeth Edwards Christopher Ince D.Jones Colonel will Maj. Gen. James
 of Coleshill, Holywell, Flint of Ince Hall, Of Bagillt Hall NN Anderson Radclyffe
 Lancs. Flint

.....
Peter Elizabeth
 m. m. Robert Berkeley, of Spetchley co. Worcester esq.
 1. Rose Giffard of Madeley, Staffs.
 I 2. NN Lloyd of Monachdy Gwyn, Clynnog, Caerns

I

Rose
 b.26/7/1770 Tywysog
 sole heiress
 of Tywysog
 d. 8/6/1815 Dusseldorf
 m.

I

Mary Anne Eliza
 m.
Charles Sankey
 of Plas y Nant & Holywell
 I.....

Edward Francis Grainger I
 2nd son of William Grainger of Caucestown co. Meath
 created Baron of Bavaria Jan 21 1839
 by Ludwig I King of Bavaria
 b.19/7/1768 Dublin d.7/6/1815 Düsseldorf

I.....
Mary Ann Sankey
 m. Dec. qtr. 1852 Holywell reg.
Robert Edward Grainger

| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------|
| Edward William of Tywysog & Pistyll 2 nd Baron b.19/9/1797 Hanover d.31/8/1864 Oberbayern m.1827 Elise Countess de Lodron Laterano d.1855 | Robert Edward 1797-1869 b. Hanover m.1823 1.Julie de Strauner 2. Mary Anne d/o Charles Sankey of Plas Nant & Holywell | Walter Joseph 1798-1875 b.Hildesheim ... m.1822 Fanny Baroness de Wednman Dame des Ordres de Therese et de Baviere Dame du Palais | Francis William 1799-1829 b.Düsseldorf m. Frumence de Roo of Bruges | Charles John 1803-1890 b.Düsseldorf m. Elizabeth Roskell | Alfred Augustus d.1838 Mar.qtr. Holywell m. Elizabeth Roskell | Eliza Mary Rose 1807-1869 Duchesse d'Ascoli m.1833 1.Count Ivan Potemkin 1778-1849 2.Giovanni Baptisti 1794-1854 Albertini, Prince di Cimitile 3.Sebastiano Marcilli 1783-1866 Duc d'Ascoli | Adela Mary |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------|

I

Edward Walter Grainger Mary
 b.29/6/1833 Notzing, Oberbayern
 of Tywysog & Pistyll
 Baron Grainger
 who assumed the name
 & arms of Parry.
 d.4/9/1911 Nizza
 m.1857
 Julia Stainforth of Brügge

I

Alfreda Mary Jane
 d.1838 Sept.qtr.Holywell
 m.1852
 Ludwig, Baron de Mandle
 chamberlain to HM the King of Bavaria

* Robert Parry 1540-1612 author, poet, his diary has survived providing useful information re. Elizabethan culture. (This is now in the National Library of Wales.)
 (There is a facsimile copy in Ruthin Archives.)

The Thelwall Family of Plas y Ward

John Thelwall m. Ffelis d & hrs of John ap Rhys Fychan
by Alice d & hrs of Walter Cooke or Ward of **Plas y Ward**

I

David Thelwall m. Tibod vch Jenkin de Weild
b.abt. 1425

I

Simond Thelwall m. Jonet Langford
b.1460

I

Eubule Thelwall m. 1. Cicely Donne vch Jenkyn Donne
2. Margaret vch Evan of Llangar

I

Edward Thelwall m. Catherine vch John

I

Richard Thelwall m. Elizabeth Herle

I

Simon Thelwall m. 1. Alis vch Robert Salusbury
1526-1586 I 2. Jane vch John Massey
I I 3. Margaret Griffith
I I

Edward Robert Eubule Simon
d.1610
m.

1. Dorothy vch John Griffith (*also granddaughter of William Griffith of Penrhyn*)

I 2. Jane Broughton
I 3. Katheryn of Berain
I

Simon Grace William **Blanche** Mary Herbert
m.
Richard ap Harry
of Tywysog

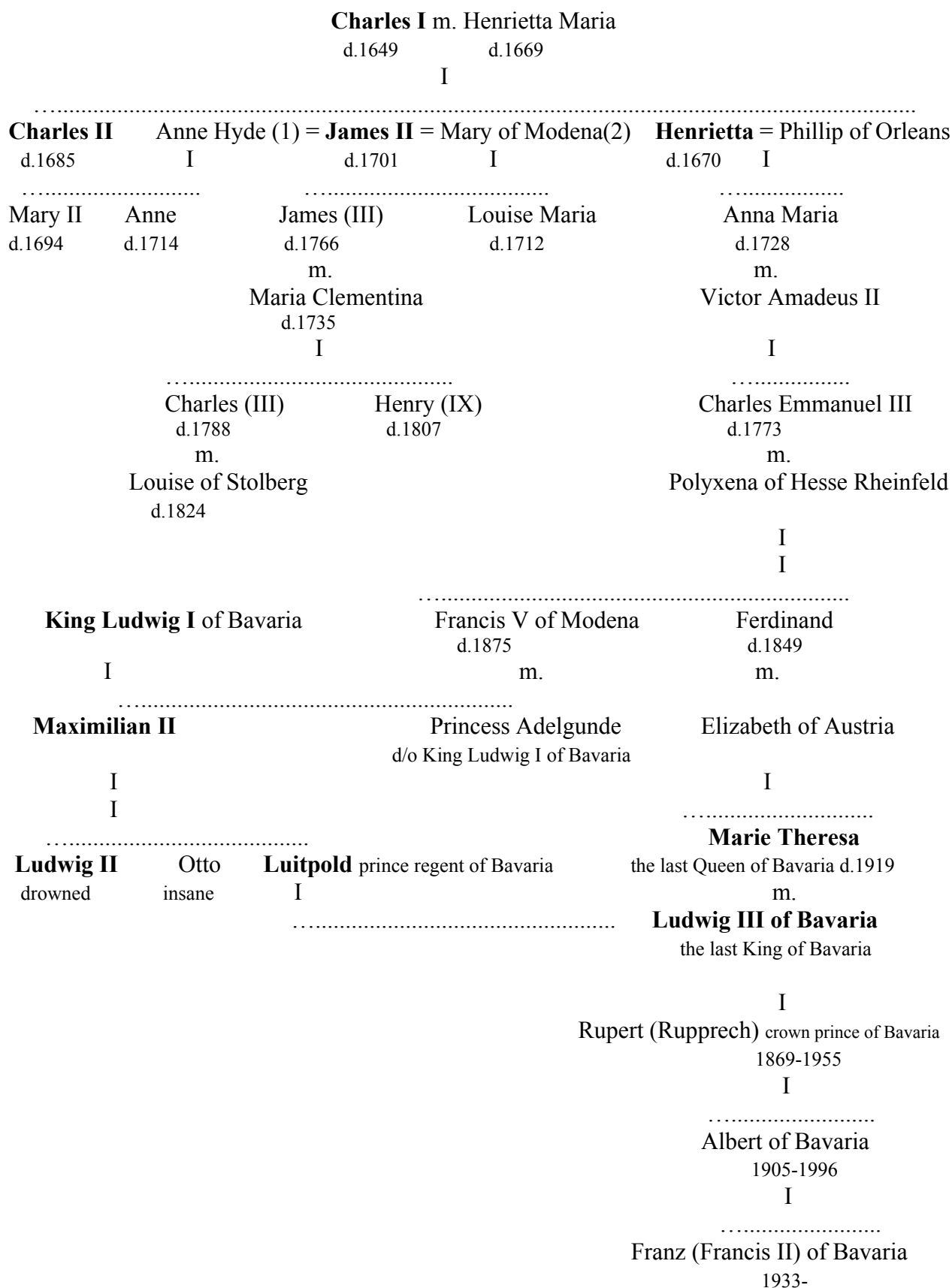
Summary of the will of Richard Parry of Tywysog - 1613

Poor of Henllan, where I dwell, 40/- Cos. John ap John Wynn, £10 for the poor. Cos. Piers Foulke, £10. As I have promised Mr. Justice Townsend, I give £4 to my bro. Robt. Parry, towards redeeming his tenement. To the nurses, Margt. Owen &c 13/4 each. I require my s. to give my bro. Thomas his finding during life at the Dairy in Yale, and for what my son shall put him in trust he shall find him just and honest. I also desire him to find a habitation & finding for my old sister, Margaret Parry. Servants, John Cudwallader, Thos. John, his s., and Foulk ap Thomas. My s. & h. John, to pay my bro. Thomas Lloyd, of Llansannan, £100, part of the mar. portion of my daughter Jane. Herbert Thelwall and cos. Simon Roberts, surities in this matter. My s. to keep house at Twysog for two years to give my s. Thomas & d. Jane, time to provide their own house. To sd. Jane, a silver gilt salt &c and I beseech her to be a mother to my other children. Gr.ch. Grace Lloyd & eldest s. of Thos. & Jane Lloyd, a tenement called Cwm Helige. To my d. Dorothy, if she marry a man of £80 yearly, £400; if to a man of less living, £100 to be deducted & given to my four younger sons, Robert, Thomas, Henry & Richard. To my son John, my chain of gold worth £60, a silver gilt salt, a doz. apostle spoons, one doz. spoons with a print of hammers on the heads etc and all household stuff at Twysog etc. Dau. Dorothy to have reversion of lands bought of my bro. Robert, in Eriviat, Bodleye, Derwen, Llanarth and Garth Cynan. To my sons, Harry and Richard, £40, due by my agreement with my late f. in law. Whereas Mr. Justice Townsend and Mr. Wm Penrhys were bound to my late uncle, Thos. Ap Rhys Wynne for 100 marks, whereof 30 are unpaid, I make humble suit to Mr. Justice Townsend to pay £20. 13. 4 to my s. Robert; the rest I remit. Whereas I have lent to Sir John Salisbury & his lady certain sums & my bro, in law, Rees ap John Owen, lent them £20 of which £37 is still owing; I give this sum to my sons, Harry & Richard. Sons Thomas & Henry £10. Sons Robert & Thomas, two pair of spoons with lions heads. Dau. Dorothy, the silver tunne abroad for common use, and the least goblet. Son Harry £10 lent to Mr. Middleton, and £3 in the hands of niece Jane Lloyd of Penporchell whereof 4 nobles are for sister Catherine and 1 mark to nurse Grace Lloyd. To d. Dorothy my corn in my dairy grounds at Yale, also a chair for a gentlewoman fair enlaid, which is in the gallery. Son John £12 secured on plate pawned by my bro. in law Herbert Lloyd of Llansannan and his bro. Thos. Lloyd the writings of Tydden Jenkin on payment of the bonds for £20. To make a window in the darkest part of Bryn Eglwys ch. 40/- My bro. in law John ap Harry. Sister Alice Gwynon an angel. My s. to search out six or eight poor kin of Wm. Piggott & distribute 40/- to them. To my exors. £60 due on mortgages of the lands of my bro. in law Mr. Simon Thelwall. I commit my children to Wm Salisbuy, cos. John Saunders, Ric. Heaton, s. in law, Thos. Lloyd, & bro. Thos. Parry, overseers. Wit. Rich. ap David, Hu. Williams, Robt. ap Jevan.

Dated 28 June 1613; pr. 10 Oct. 1614 by Wm. Salisbury, during the minority of the sons.

(Lieut.Col.Gilbert Sydney Parry 1843-1920 - Genealogical abstracts of Parry wills, proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury down to 1810 – p.13)

The Bavarian Link to the English Crown



Appendix 6

The Salusbury Family of Llyweni

Sir Thomas Salusbury of Llyweni m. 1. Jonet vch William Fychan
 b.abt.1450 d.1505 I 2. Margred vch Jenkin
 I

.....
 Sir Roger Salusbury of Llyweni m. 1. Elen Hookes
 1470-1550 2. Elspeth Puleston
 I

.....
 Thomas Grace Sir John Jane Fulk Robert Nicholas
 'Y Bodiau'
 b.abt.1500 d.1577/78
 m.
 Jane Middleton
 I

.....
 Elspeth John George Thomas Edward Huw Rev.Robert Roger Jane Leonard
 of Llyweni
 d.1566
 m.abt.1557
Katheryn of Berain
 b.abt.1535 d.1591
 I

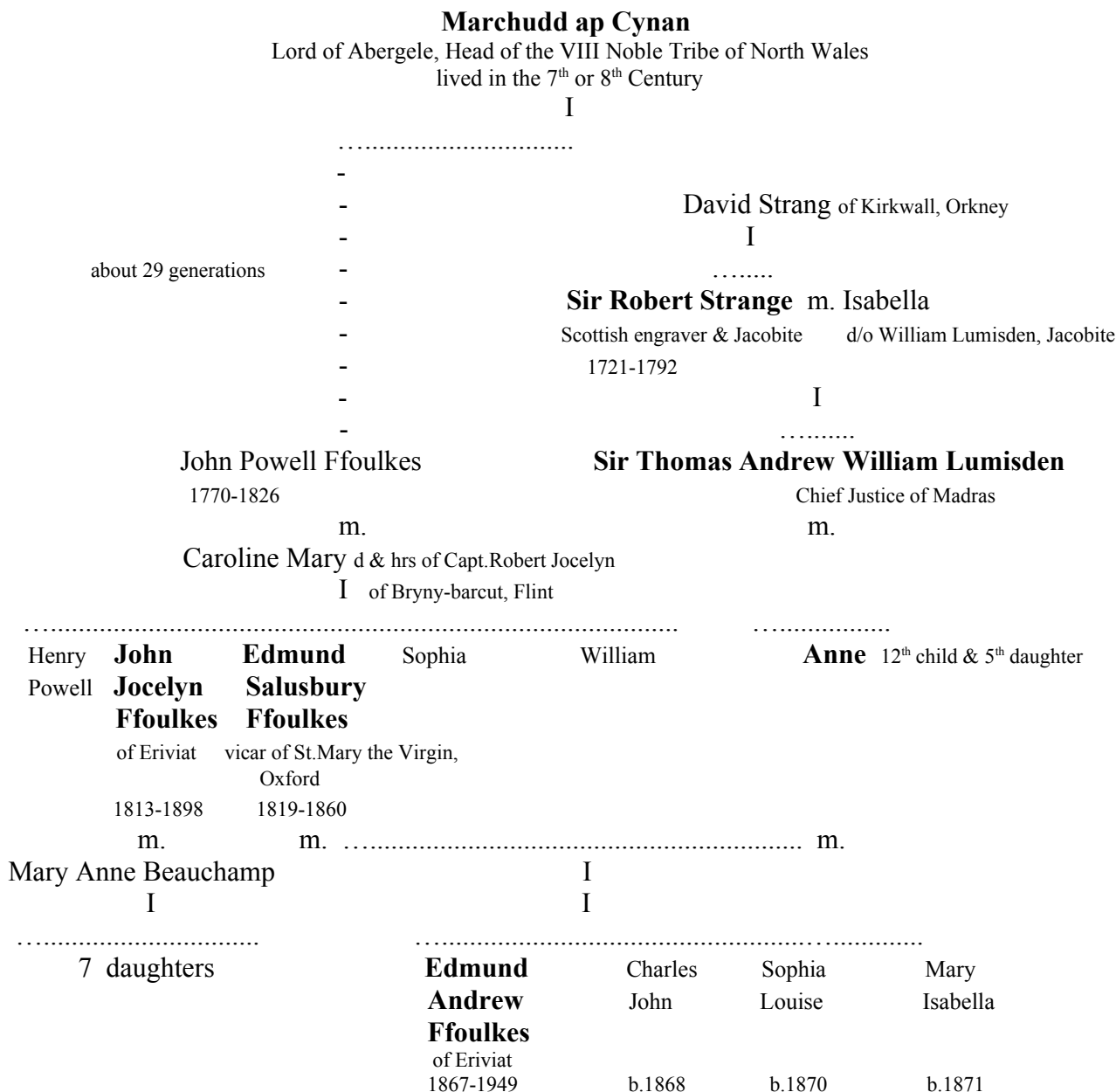
.....
 Thomas **Sir John Salusbury** of Lleweni & Berain
 b.1565 1567-1612
 executed 1586 d. 1613 aged 46 years
 m. abt. 1586
 Ursula Stanley d/o 4th Earl of Derby
 I

.....
 Arabella Jane Harry **Sir Henry Salusbury** John John Francis William **Oriana** Ferdinando David
 1587- 1588- 1st Baronet of Lleweni 1590- 1592- 1594- 1595- **Urcina** 1599- 1600-
 1589-1632
 d. aged 42 yrs
 m.
John Parry of Tywysog
 I

.....
Henry John Edward Dorothy Ursula Blanche Mary Euphemia

cont. Appendix 2

The Ffoulkes Family of Eriviat



Appendix 8

John Parry – will 1660 (NLW ref. SA/1660/8/W)

In the name of God Amen the twelvth day of March in the yeare of 1659 I John Parry of Twysogg in the county of Denbigh being sick in body yet god be prayesd of perfect mynd, sense and memorie do hereby make and declare my last will and testament in maner and forme following. First I bequeath my soule to Jesus Christ my only saviour and redeemer by whose only mercy and suffering I trust to be saved and my sinnes forgiven. And my body to be interred in the parish church of Henllan in christian buriall thereto rest in hope of a happy resurrection. Item I give to the poore of the parish of Henllan £10 and towards the repair of the

(the next line is partially obscured)

to be distributed and layed out. Item I give and bequeath all my goods, chattells, cattells and personal estate unto my eldest sonne Henry Parry so that he the said Henry doe herewith discharge all my debts due and owing att my decease and all legacies herein thereafter left and bequeathed. Item I give and bequeath to my daughter Dorothy (the wife of Richard Lloyd) £120 and to my daughter Mary Parry sixteen pounds more, the same £120 left to firstly to be payed within one yeare next after my decease and of the other £120 left to Mary to be payed within two yeares next after my decease. Item the said Henry Parry keeping and finding for the said Mary (in the meane tyme) and And also I give and bequeath unto my sonne Edward Parry all my lands and tenements in the parish of Llanvair Dyffryn Clwyd in the county of Denbigh to the same and to be held according to the effect and pupose of a deed or deeds of conveyance thereof by mee soundly made unto my said sonne Edward and now in his, the said Edward, his custodie and for noe other use And lastly I doe constitute and appoint my said sonne Henry Parry to be sole executor and of this my last will and testament who hereby I charge uppon my blessinge to doe this my will. Duly and punctually performed In witness whereof I have hereunto put my hand and seale dated the day and yeare first above written upon further consideration my will is, that my executor doe pay unto Symon Parry my adopted(?) sonne 11sh. and to give him a sacke of cloathes towards placinge of him to be an apprentice. And I give to my mayd servant Anne Conway daughter of John Conway twenty shillings. And I give to every other of my daughters that are married and that herein named ten shillings a piece.

This Will was on the day of the date herewith sealed published and declared for the last will and testament of the within named John Parry and it was declared and it is the will of the testator that ... the executor doe pay to every one of the testators and their hired servants at the tyme of his death two shillings a piece over and besides their wages in of the witnesses hereunto subscribed.

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----|-----------------|
| Henry Parry | John Vaughan | and | Edward Griffith |
| John Lloyd | Thomas Lloyd | | Thomas Anwyll |
| | | | William Wynne |

The Inventory of the goods, late of John Parry *(this is very hard to read and so has not been transcribed)*

However, the total value of his goods etc amounted to £231.